

# Thousands of low earners to benefit from income boost today

As announced in the Autumn Budget, the taper rate – the amount that a person's Universal Credit is reduced by as they earn more – has dropped from 63% to 55%. Simultaneously, work allowances, the amount eligible claimants can earn before their Universal Credit is reduced, have increased by £500 per year.

The changes mean people will keep more of what they earn, representing an effective tax cut worth £2.2 billion for the lowest earners.

Taken together the move will see, in total, almost two million of the lowest paid working families better off each year by an average of £1,000.

The Department for Work and Pensions has introduced the changes as quickly as possible, passing regulations last week to secure the higher payments for the lowest earners in time for Christmas.

Prime Minister, Boris Johnson said:

It's right that we support hard-working families, and this change will help some of the country's lowest income families keep more of their money.

Together with the increase in the minimum wage and our investments in skills and training, it shows this is a government committed to making work pay.

Work and Pensions Secretary, Thérèse Coffey said:

Tens of thousands of the lowest earners will see a boost to their bank accounts today following changes to Universal Credit, meaning that people can keep more of what they earn to help with the cost of living.

We introduced this change earlier than planned which will see up to 500,000 more households benefitting before Christmas.

Rishi Sunak, Chancellor of the Exchequer said:

We want this to be a country that rewards work, where hard-working families get to keep more of their hard-earned cash.

That's why at Budget I announced changes to the Universal Credit taper rate that will see two million of the lowest paid families

benefit from an effective £2bn tax cut.

These people will get an average of £1,000 more a year – and this extra money will start appearing in their bank accounts today, just in time for Christmas.

The changes mean, for example, that a single mother of two, renting in Darlington, working a full-time job on the National Living Wage, will see her take-home income increase by £1,200 on an annual basis.

Meanwhile, a couple with two children, renting their home, where one partner works full time at the National Living Wage and the other works 16 hours a week earning the same, will be £1,800 per year better off.

Vulnerable households across the country are also able to access the £500 million Household Support Fund to help them with essentials over the coming months as the country continues its recovery from the pandemic. The devolved administrations will receive almost £80 million of the £500 million (£41 million for the Scottish Government, £25 million for the Welsh Government and £14 million for the NI Executive).

- With a number of people expected to be newly eligible for Universal Credit, people are being urged to check a benefit calculator on gov.uk to see if they could increase their income.
- Along with changes to the taper rate, work allowances, the amount a claimant can earn before their Universal Credit is reduced.
- Those receiving other benefits from the Government including Working Tax Credits should note that if they apply for Universal Credit they cannot return to their previous benefits.
- For those not in work they will continue to benefit from Universal Credit standard allowance and additional extra support if they have children, have a disability or health condition which prevents them from working or need help paying their rent.

Media enquiries for this press release – 0115 965 8781

Follow DWP on: