# Provisional statistics of retail sales for June 2020 

The Census and Statistics Department (C\&SD) released the latest figures on retail sales today (July 30).

The value of total retail sales in June 2020, provisionally estimated at $\$ 26.5$ billion, decreased by $24.8 \%$ compared with the same month in 2019 . The revised estimate of the value of total retail sales in May 2020 decreased by $32.9 \%$ compared with a year earlier. For the first half of 2020, it was provisionally estimated that the value of total retail sales decreased by $33.3 \%$ compared with the same period in 2019.

After netting out the effect of price changes over the same period, the provisional estimate of the volume of total retail sales in June 2020 decreased by $25.4 \%$ compared with a year earlier. The revised estimate of the volume of total retail sales in May 2020 decreased by $34.0 \%$ compared with a year earlier. For the first half of 2020, the provisional estimate of the total retail sales decreased by $34.9 \%$ in volume compared with the same period in 2019.

Analysed by broad type of retail outlet in descending order of the provisional estimate of the value of sales and comparing June 2020 with June 2019, the value of sales of commodities in department stores decreased by $7.0 \%$. This was followed by sales of other consumer goods, not elsewhere classified (-10.0\% in value); food, alcoholic drinks and tobacco (-13.2\%); jewellery, watches and clocks, and valuable gifts (-56.5\%); electrical goods and other consumer durable goods, not elsewhere classified (-8.8\%) ; wearing apparel (-38.8\%); medicines and cosmetics (-57.4\%); motor vehicles and parts (-17.9\%); footwear, allied products and other clothing accessories (-39.7\%); Chinese drugs and herbs (-29.0\%); books, newspapers, stationery and gifts (-41.3\%); and optical shops (-32.5\%).

On the other hand, the value of sales of commodities in supermarkets increased by $4.5 \%$ in June 2020 over a year earlier. This was followed by sales of fuels (+8.4\% in value); and furniture and fixtures (+0.3\%).

Based on the seasonally adjusted series, the provisional estimate of the value of total retail sales increased by $4.0 \%$ in the second quarter of 2020 compared with the preceding quarter, while the provisional estimate of the volume of total retail sales increased by $5.2 \%$.

These retail sales statistics measure the sales receipts in respect of goods sold by local retail establishments and are primarily intended for gauging the short-term business performance of the local retail sector. Data on retail sales are collected from local retail establishments through the Monthly Survey of Retail Sales (MRS). Local retail establishments with and without physical shops are covered in MRS and their sales, both through conventional shops and online channels, are included in the retail sales

The retail sales statistics cover consumer spending on goods but not on services (such as those on housing, catering, medical care and health services, transport and communication, financial services, education and entertainment) which account for over $50 \%$ of the overall consumer spending. Moreover, they include spending on goods in Hong Kong by visitors but exclude spending outside Hong Kong by Hong Kong residents. Hence they should not be regarded as indicators for measuring overall consumer spending.

Users interested in the trend of overall consumer spending should refer to the data series of private consumption expenditure (PCE), which is a major component of the Gross Domestic Product published at quarterly intervals. Compiled from a wide range of data sources, PCE covers consumer spending on both goods (including goods purchased from all channels) and services by Hong Kong residents whether locally or abroad. Please refer to the C\&SD publication "Gross Domestic Product (Quarterly)" for more details.

## Commentary

A government spokesman said that retail sales continued to fall sharply in June from a year earlier, but the rate of fall moderated further as the local epidemic situation abated in the month. For the second quarter as a whole, the volume of retail sales registered a sharp year-on-year decline of $32.5 \%$, narrower than the $37.0 \%$ fall in the first quarter.

The spokesman further pointed out that with inbound tourism remaining at a standstill and local consumption hit by the surge in local COVID-19 cases in July and the resultant tightening of social distancing measures, the operating environment for the retail trade has turned more austere again. The Government will monitor the developments closely.

Further information
Table 1 presents the revised figures on value index and value of retail sales for all retail outlets and by broad type of retail outlet for May 2020 as well as the provisional figures for June 2020. The provisional figures on the value of retail sales for all retail outlets and by broad type of retail outlet as well as the corresponding year-on-year changes for the first half of 2020 are also shown.

Table 2 presents the revised figures on volume index of retail sales for all retail outlets and by broad type of retail outlet for May 2020 as well as the provisional figures for June 2020. The provisional figures on year-onyear changes for the first half of 2020 are also shown.

Table 3 shows the movements of the value and volume of total retail sales in terms of the year-on-year rate of change for a month compared with the same month in the preceding year based on the original series, and in terms of the rate of change for a three-month period compared with the preceding three-month period based on the seasonally adjusted series.

The classification of retail establishments follows the Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification (HSIC) Version 2.0, which is used in various economic surveys for classifying economic units into different industry classes.

More detailed statistics are given in the "Report on Monthly Survey of Retail Sales". Users can download this publication free of charge at the website of the C\&SD (www.censtatd.gov.hk/hkstat/sub/sp320.jsp?productCode=B1080003). Alternativel $y$, the historical series of retail sales statistics can be downloaded in the form of a statistical table at the website of the C\&SD
(www. censtatd.gov.hk/hkstat/sub/sp320.jsp?productCode=D5600089).
Users who have enquiries about the survey results may contact the Distribution Services Statistics Section of the C\&SD (Tel: 3903 7400; email: mrsacenstatd.gov.hk).

