Abu Dhabi crown prince, Blinken discuss regional issues

Author:

Sun, 2021-12-05 22:32

LONDON: Abu Dhabi Crown Prince Sheikh Mohammed bin Zayed spoke with US Secretary of State Antony Blinken on Sunday to discuss "important regional matters," the US State Department said.

Sheikh Mohammed and Blinken "reaffirmed their countries' strong partnership and discussed ways to broaden and deepen their wide-ranging cooperation," spokesman Ned Price said in a statement.

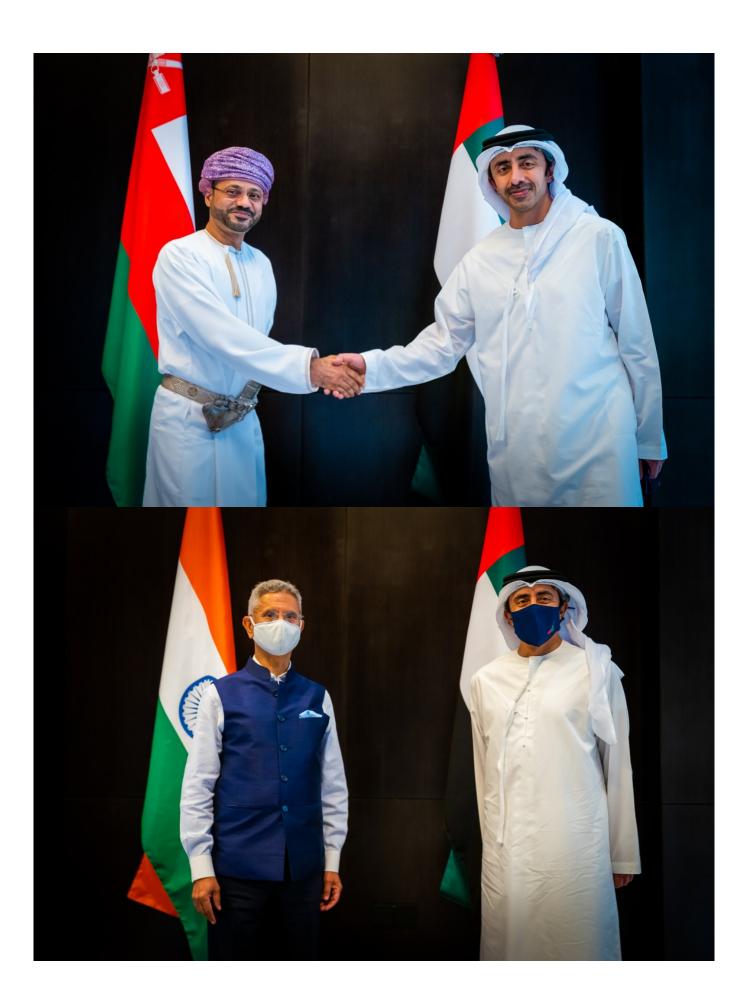
"Blinken also thanked the crown prince for the UAE's generous support in hosting and facilitating the safe transit of US citizens, embassy personnel, and foreign nationals from Afghanistan to third countries, and commended the UAE for providing humanitarian assistance to Afghanistan," Price added. Meanwhile, UAE Foreign Minister Sheikh Abdullah bin Zayed held separate talks with his counterparts from Oman, India and Sri Lanka on the sidelines of the two-day 5th Indian Ocean Conference, which kicked off on Saturday in Abu Dhabi.

During the meetings, Sheikh Abdullah discussed strategic relations and ways to enhance prospects for joint cooperation in all fields, as well as the latest regional and international developments.

Sheikh Abdullah welcomed Oman's Foreign Minister Sayyid Badr Al-Busaidi, and stressed the depth of the relations between the UAE and the sultanate. India's Foreign Minister Subrahmanyam Jaishankar praised the strong

friendship between the UAE and his country, and their strategic partnership which is witnessing continuous growth and development.

Sheikh Abdullah also welcomed Sri Lankan Foreign Minister Gamini Lakshman Pierce to Abu Dhabi and the two sides discussed bilateral relations and ways to support them in various fields, including tourism.





Main category: Middle-East

Tags: <u>UAE</u> <u>United</u>

<u>United States</u>

sheikh abdullah bin zayed

Oman
India
Sri Lanka
Antony Blinken
Sayyid Badr bin Hamad bin Hamood Al-Busaidi
US State Department
Subrahmanyam Jaishankar
Gamini Lakshman Pierce
Sheikh Mohammed bin Zayed
Indian Ocean Conference

France says UAE arms deal secures supply chain, jobsAbu Dhabi crown prince holds separate talks with Egypt, Iraq leaders

<u>Jordan's FM, US climate envoy discuss</u> <u>environmental protection</u>

Author:

Sun, 2021-12-05 22:12

LONDON: Jordanian Foreign Minister Ayman Safadi held talks with US special envoy for climate, John Kerry, on Sunday to discuss environmental protection and confronting climate change.

"Safadi and Kerry stressed the importance of the strategic partnership between the kingdom and the US, and reviewed ways to enhance cooperation between the two countries," Jordanian state news agency Petra reported. Safadi praised the aid provided by the US to the Kingdom and its support for economic development, stressing the importance of its leading role in efforts to resolving regional crises and achieve peace and stability.

Kerry said that Jordan was a strong and essential ally of the US, and that his country appreciated the key role and efforts led by King Abdullah II to overcome regional challenges and achieve security, stability and peace. Kerry reiterated Washington's support for Jordan, including in the areas of environmental protection, facing the challenges of climate change, and developing clean energy and water sources.

"This engagement with government counterparts aims to accelerate global climate action following the 26th United Nations Climate Change Conference (COP26) in November," the US State Department said in a statement. It added that Kerry would discuss how the region could collaborate to reduce emissions and adapt to climate change.



Main category:

Middle-East

Tags:

<u>Jordan</u>

United States

John Kerry

<u>climate change</u>

Ayman Safadi

environmental protection

environment

Jordanian flies the world from homemade basement cockpitHashemite kingdom's Expo 2020 Dubai provides an authentic Jordanian experience

<u>Aboul Gheit: Iran seeks to control</u> Straits of Hormuz and Bab Al-Mandab

Author:

Sun, 2021-12-05 21:36

CAIRO: The Secretary-General of the League of Arab States Ahmed Aboul Gheit has said that Iran aims to extend its control over the Straits of Hormuz and Bab Al-Mandab, either directly or through militias it funds.

During his participation in the seventh Rome-Mediterranean Dialogue, held in the Italian capital with the participation of senior officials, experts and economists from countries bordering the shores of the Mediterranean, he pointed to attacks carried out by Iran in the summer of 2019, as well as to the continuing threat posed by the Houthis to navigation in the Red Sea.

The secretary-general added that the stability of navigation in these strategic straits, especially in the transportation of petroleum products, represented a fundamental backbone of the global economy, and that maintaining freedom of navigation without threat was a global priority and not only for the Arab countries bordering it.

He said that Iran's behavior in the region, and its apparent tendency to dominate and interfere with Arab countries, was behind the difficulty in establishing a security system in the Gulf based on cooperation and the common welfare of the people.

He said that several initiatives had been put forward on this, but the main problem remained a lack of confidence due to Iranian policies that represented a threat to its neighbors.

Aboul Gheit said that Iran's acquisition of nuclear weapons would trigger an arms race in the region. He hoped negotiations would succeed in dissuading Iran from achieving this goal to avoid a deterioration in the current security situation.

He said it was difficult to address the Iranian nuclear program without acknowledging that there was already a nuclear power in the region in Israel, especially in light of its insistence on destroying the two-state solution and wasting opportunities for its implementation.



Main category:
Middle-East
Tags:
Strait of Hormuz
Bab Al-Mandab Strait
Ahmed Aboul Gheit

Air defense test sparks loud blast near Iran nuclear siteIran stonewalling JCPOA talks to advance nuclear program, say US officials

<u>Daesh attack on Iraqi village kills 10 soldiers, Kurdish government says</u>

Author:

Iran

Sun, 2021-12-05 02:57

SULAIMANIYA: An attack by Daesh militants on a village in northern Iraq on Friday killed three villagers and 10 Kurdish soldiers, officials in Iraq's autonomous Kurdish region said.

Daesh claimed responsibility for the deadly attack in a statement posted on an affiliated Telegram account.

The attack took place in the Makhmour region, a hotbed for Daesh activity that sees regular attacks against Kurdish forces, Iraqi forces and often civilians.

Makhmour is a mountainous area about 70 km southeast of Mosul and 60 km southwest of the Kurdish capital of Irbil.

Kurdistan's Prime Minister Masrour Barzani called for greater security cooperation between Iraqi Kurdish and Iraqi security forces to stop Daesh's insurgent activities.

Iraqi officials and analysts have long blamed a lack of coordination along a stretch of territory claimed by both Baghdad and Irbil for Daesh's continued ability to wage deadly attacks.

Daesh controlled roughly a third of Iraq between 2014 and 2017, including the remote Makhmour region but also major cities including Mosul.

A loose coalition of US-led forces, Iraqi and Kurdish troops and Iran-backed Shiite militias defeated the extremist group in 2017, but its members still roam areas of northern Iraq and northeastern Syria.

Western military officials say at least 10,000 Daesh fighters remain in Iraq and Syria.

A statement from the Kurdistan region's armed forces, the peshmerga, said Daesh militants attacked the village in the early hours of Friday killing three residents.

It said peshmerga forces intervened, resulting in clashes that killed at least seven of their soldiers.

Kurdish security and hospital officials said the final death toll was at least 10 peshmerga soldiers and three villagers.

In a separate development, Kurdish demonstrators in The Hague stormed the headquarters of the global chemical weapons body on Friday, sparking clashes in which six people were hurt and 50 arrested, Dutch police said.

FASTFACT

A loose coalition of US-led forces, Iraqi and Kurdish troops and Iran-backed Shiite militias defeated the Daesh extremist group in 2017, but its members still roam areas of northern Iraq and northeastern Syria.

Dozens of protesters alleging that Turkey is using toxic arms in northern Iraq broke through security to enter the grounds of the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons in The Hague.

A number of them managed to get inside the lobby of the building before police removed them, diplomatic sources said, while the rest staged a noisy protest outside the front doors.

Police dragged the demonstrators off one by one, put them on the ground and handcuffed them, journalists saw. Some were bundled into waiting vans, but the large number meant many were taken away in a hired bus.

At least a dozen police vehicles sealed off the road outside the OPCW, which is opposite Dutch Prime Minister Mark Rutte's official residence. Several ambulances and a medical helicopter were also at the scene.

Two police officers and four protesters were wounded when the demonstrators "stormed the building," The Hague police said.

Turkish jets regularly attack the separatists' bases in northern Iraq and autonomous Iraqi Kurdistan, with several villages having emptied of their inhabitants since a new Turkish army offensive in April.

The PKK and Kurdish organizations in Europe have in recent months accused Turkey of using chemical weapons, including a nerve agent and sulfur mustard gas, in dozens of attacks in northern Irag.

"We have called on OPCW and all international bodies to come and independently investigate the use of chemical weapons," Zagros Hiwa, a spokesperson for the Kurdistan Democratic Communities Union, the PKK's political branch, told AFP.



Main category:

Middle-East

Tags:

Iraq

Daesh

Hundreds more migrants leave Belarus on Iraq-bound flightCivilians among 10 dead in north Iraq attack blamed on Daesh: officials

<u>Sudanese group condemns UN's call to</u> <u>support reinstated premier</u>

Sun, 2021-12-05 02:46

CAIRO: A Sudanese pro-democracy group has condemned comments by the UN chief urging citizens to support a deal that reinstated Prime Minister Abdalla Hamdok, so the country can have "a peaceful transition toward a true democracy."

The Sudanese Professionals' Association, which was at the forefront of the uprising against former autocrat Omar Bashir, rejected late on Friday Secretary-General Antonio Guterres's comments as a "moral and political failure."

Hamdok was deposed as part of the Oct. 25 coup by military leaders that brought international criticism and disrupted Sudan's fragile transition to democracy. He was reinstated last month amid international pressure in a deal that calls for an independent technocratic Cabinet under military oversight. The SPA said Guterres's comments were seen as a "justification for violence" against anti-coup protesters, who vowed to continue their street demonstrations against the deal despite deadly violence by security forces. The US, its allies and the UN have condemned the use of excessive force against protesters who have since taken to the streets en masse. Dozens of protesters were killed and hundreds of others were wounded since the Oct. 25 coup. The agreement, signed on Nov. 21, has angered Sudan's pro-democracy movement, which accuses Hamdok of allowing himself to serve as a fig leaf for continued military rule.

Guterres told a news conference Wednesday that he understands "the indignation" and outrage of Sudanese who have seen the military coup and don't want any solution involving the military.

"But I would like to appeal for common sense," he said. "We have a situation which is, yes, not perfect, but which could allow for a transition toward democracy."

The UN chief warned that calling into question the solution that led to Hamdok's reinstatement "would be very dangerous for Sudan."

The SPA said it would continue peaceful protests until the establishment of a "full civilian" government to achieve the democratic transition.

Since his appointment in 2019, Hamdok has been the civilian face of the government and one of the pro-democracy movement's most respected figures.

But Sudan's key pro-democracy groups and political parties have said the deal



Main category: <u>Middle-East</u> Tags: <u>Sudan</u>

UN says more work to be done in SudanTens of thousands protest in antimilitary marches in Sudan $\,$