

As of today the “European Investigation Order” will help authorities to fight crime and terrorism

For instance, if French judicial authorities are tracking terrorists hidden in Belgium, they can ask their Belgian counterparts to interrogate witnesses or conduct house searches on their behalf. This new tool will simplify and speed up cross-border criminal investigations.

Věra Jourová, Commissioner for Justice, Consumers and Gender Equality said: *“Criminals and terrorists know no borders. Equipping judicial authorities with the European Investigation Order will help them cooperate effectively to fight organised crime, terrorism, drug trafficking and corruption. It will give judicial authorities access to evidence quickly wherever it is in the EU. I call on all Member States to implement it as quickly as possible to improve our common fight against crime and terrorism. In June we will also discuss with Member States solutions to facilitate the collection and exchange of e-evidence. It is time to fully modernise the tools available to judicial authorities to conduct investigations. “*

The [European Investigation Order](#) is based on mutual recognition, which means that each EU country is obliged to recognise and carry out the request of the other country, as it would do with a decision coming from its own authorities.

The European Investigation Order will bring the following advantages:

- **It creates a single comprehensive instrument with a large scope** – It will replace the existing fragmented legal framework for obtaining evidence. It will cover the whole process of collecting evidence, from the freezing of evidence to the transfer of existing evidence, for Member States participating.
- **It sets strict deadlines for gathering the evidence requested** – Member States have up to 30 days to decide if they accept a request. If accepted, there is a 90-day deadline to conduct the requested investigative measure. Any delay will be reported to the EU country issuing the investigation order.
- **It limits the reasons for refusing such requests** – The receiving authority can only refuse to execute the order under certain circumstances, e.g. if the request is against the country’s fundamental principles of law or harms national security interests.
- **It reduces paperwork by introducing a single standard form** translated into the official language of the executing State for authorities to request help when seeking evidence.
- **It protects the fundamental rights of the defence** – The issuing authorities must assess the necessity and proportionality of the

investigative measure requested. A European Investigation Order has to be issued or validated by a judicial authority, and the issuing of an order may be requested by a suspected or accused person, or by a lawyer on his/her behalf in line with the defence rights and with national criminal procedures. Member States must ensure legal remedies equivalent to those available in a similar domestic case and ensure that persons concerned are properly informed of these possibilities.

In particular, the European Investigation Order allows for:

- temporary transfer of persons in custody in order to gather evidence;
- checks on the bank accounts and financial operations of suspected or accused persons;
- covert investigations and intercepting telecommunications;
- measures to preserve evidence.

Traditional investigation tools are not always adapted to the digital world we live in. Judicial authorities need ways to access evidence in the cloud and located in another or somewhere else in the world. The Commission is currently working on solutions to equip judicial authorities with modern investigation tools to simplify their access to e-evidence.

Next steps

Member States had time to implement the European Investigation Order in national legislation by today, 22 May 2017. The European Commission will now analyse the state of the implementation and follow up with Member States in case they have not taken the necessary measures yet.

At the Justice Council on 8 June, the Commission will present solutions to improve cross-border access to e-evidence.

Background

The Directive is based on the **principle of mutual recognition for judicial decisions** when it comes to obtaining evidence for use in criminal proceedings.

This directive applies to all EU countries except Denmark and Ireland, which are not taking part. The United Kingdom decided to participate in the proposed Directive. It replaces existing EU mutual legal assistance schemes for gathering evidence, notably the [2000 EU Mutual Legal Assistance Convention](#) and [Framework Decision 2003/577/JHA](#) on the freezing of evidence.

On 21 May 2010, seven EU Member States (Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Estonia, Slovenia, Spain and Sweden) put forward an initiative for a European Investigation Order. The Directive was adopted in 2014 jointly by the Council and the European Parliament.

For more information

[Directive 2014/41/EU regarding the European Investigation Order in criminal matters](#)

Daily News 22 / 05 / 2017

European Semester 2017 Spring Package: Commission issues country-specific recommendations

Today Vice-President **Dombrovskis**, Commissioner **Thyssen** and Commissioner **Moscovici** presented the 2017 [country-specific recommendations](#) (CSRs), spelling out the economic policy guidance for Member States for the coming 12 to 18 months. The European economy has proven resilient in the face of significant challenges; reflected in growth rates of nearly 2 % in both the euro area and the EU in 2016, improving public finances and employment levels at a record of nearly 233 million people. Unemployment is at its lowest level since 2009 and investments exceed pre-crisis levels in some Member States – also helped by the [Investment Plan for Europe](#), the so-called Juncker Plan. Although economic conditions in the euro area and the EU are improving, challenges remain: slow productivity growth and the legacies of the crisis, including disparities within and across countries, continue to weigh on the economy, as does uncertainty stemming mostly from external factors. The Commission therefore calls on Member States to use this window of opportunity to strengthen the fundamentals of their economies by implementing the economic and social priorities identified in common at [European level](#) – boosting investment, pursuing structural reforms and ensuring responsible fiscal policies. Particular attention is paid to the [challenges and priorities identified for the euro area](#). Priorities vary across the EU but further efforts across the board are essential to achieve more inclusive, robust and sustainable growth. (*Full opening remarks will be available on the [rapid database](#). For more information see the [press release](#) and [memo](#) or contact Annika Breidhardt – Tel.: +32 229 56153; Juliana Dahl – Tel.: +32 229 59914; Enda Mc Namara – Tel.: +32 229 64976*)

Entry into force of the ‘European Investigation Order’ to help authorities fight crime and terrorism

Today, the [“European Investigation Order”](#) enters into force. It simplifies the work of judicial authorities when they request evidence located in another EU country. For instance, if French judicial authorities are tracking terrorists hidden in Belgium, they can ask their Belgian counterparts to interrogate witnesses or conduct house searches on their behalf. This new tool will simplify and speed up cross-border criminal investigations. Věra **Jourová**, Commissioner for Justice, Consumers and Gender Equality said: *“Criminals and terrorists know no borders. Equipping judicial authorities with the European Investigation Order will help them cooperate effectively to fight organised crime, terrorism, drug trafficking and corruption. It will*

give judicial authorities access to evidence quickly wherever it is in the EU. I call on all Member States to implement it as quickly as possible to improve our common fight against crime and terrorism. In June we will also discuss with Member States solutions to facilitate the collection and exchange of e-evidence. It is time to fully modernise the tools available to judicial authorities to conduct investigations.” The European Investigation Order is a sets strict deadlines for its execution, limits on the reasons for refusing such requests and reduces paperwork by introducing a single standard form. It also protects the fundamental rights of the defence. Member States had time to implement it in national legislation by today, 22 May 2017. The European Commission will now analyse the state of the implementation and follow up with Member States in case they have not taken the necessary measures yet. In parallel, the Commission is currently working on solutions to equip judicial authorities with modern investigation tools to simplify their access to e-evidence. This will be further discussed at the Justice Council on 8 June. The full press release is available [online](#). (For more information: Christian Wigand – Tel.: +32 229 62253; Mélanie Voin – Tel.: +32 229 58659)

Au Caire, la Commission salue l'adoption de l'Agenda Urbain de l'Union pour la Méditerranée

[L'Union pour la Méditerranée](#) (UpM), forum de coopération et de dialogue entre les Etats membres de l'UE et 15 pays au Sud et à l'Est de la Méditerranée, adoptera aujourd'hui au Caire une Déclaration établissant un Agenda Urbain pour la région. Véritable feuille de route pour un développement urbain durable dans le Bassin Méditerranéen, sa méthodologie reprend les principes fondateurs de [l'Agenda Urbain de l'UE](#) dont les autres pays se sont inspirés: [groupes de travail thématiques](#) sur les principaux enjeux urbains (qualité de l'air, logement et inclusion sociale, mobilité durable, entrepreneuriat...), gouvernance partagée et pleine implication des villes, ainsi que des partenaires de la société civile et du secteur privé. L'Agenda Urbain de l'UpM poursuit également [les objectifs de développement durable des Nations Unis d'ici à 2030](#), notamment [l'objectif 11 sur des villes durables](#), ainsi que les objectifs du [Nouvel Agenda Urbain](#) qui en découle, adopté par les Nations Unis en Octobre 2016. Assurant la co-présidence de la réunion ministérielle au Caire, la Commissaire à la politique régionale Corina **Crețu** a salué l'adoption de ce nouveau programme de développement urbain: “*Les villes et les acteurs locaux, y compris de la sphère privée, connaissent mieux que personnes les problématiques urbaines. Leur participation à l'élaboration des politiques qui les concernent directement ne peut que bénéficier aux millions de personnes qui vivent autour de la Méditerranée. J'espère ainsi que l'on saura tirer profit de l'expérience et des pratiques qui font le succès de l'Agenda Urbain de l'UE.*” La Déclaration ainsi qu'un communiqué de presse seront bientôt disponibles sur [le site de l'UpM](#) et l'intervention de la Commissaire **Crețu** lors de la réunion ministérielle est disponible [ici](#). (Pour plus d'informations: Johannes Bahrke – Tel.: +32 229 58615; Sophie Dupin de Saint-Cyr – Tel.: +32 229 56169)

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Preparation of the Eurogroup and ECOFIN meetings, Brussels 22-23 May 2017

Commissioner **Moscovici** will represent the European Commission at today's meeting of the Eurogroup. The Eurogroup will discuss the next steps towards concluding the second review of the stability support programme for Greece following the preliminary agreement reached between the institutions and the Greek authorities on a policy package earlier this month. Ministers will discuss the economic situation and outlook for the euro area on the basis of the European Commission's [Spring 2017 Economic Forecast](#). The Commission and the European Central Bank will also debrief ministers on the main findings of the [seventh post-programme surveillance mission to Spain](#). Commissioner **Moscovici** will participate in the press conference following the meeting. At tomorrow's ECOFIN, Vice-President **Dombrovskis** and Commissioner **Moscovici** will represent the Commission. Ministers are expected to agree on a new dispute resolution mechanism for taxation. The new rules would address the problem of double taxation, which currently creates uncertainty and unnecessary costs for many companies. The measures form part of a [wider package of corporate tax reforms](#) proposed by the Commission last October. A political debate on common rules for taxing corporate profits in the EU (the [CCCTB](#)) will also take place on Tuesday. The European Commission will also present its report on addressing national barriers to capital flows, part of its ongoing efforts to build integrated financial markets in the context of the Capital Markets Union. As part of the European Semester, the Council will adopt conclusions on the macroeconomic imbalance procedures on the basis of the in-depth reviews. Finally, Ministers will follow up on the general conclusions drawn by the G20 summit that took place in Washington D.C. on 21-23 April during the International Monetary Fund and World Bank Spring meetings. Vice-President **Dombrovskis** will participate in the press conference following the ECOFIN session. *(For more information: Annika Breidhardt – Tel.: +32 229 56153; Vanessa Mock – Tel.: +32 229 64976; Enda Mc Namara- Tel.: +32 229 64976; Patrick McCullough- Tel.: +32 229 87183)*

Commissioners Avramopoulos and Thyssen to launch “Employers for Integration” at second European Dialogue on Skills and Migration

Tomorrow, Commissioner for Migration, Home Affairs and Citizenship Dimitris **Avramopoulos** and Commissioner for Employment, Social Affairs, Skills and Labour Mobility, Marianne **Thyssen** will host the second meeting of the European Dialogue on Skills and Migration, at the [European Business Summit](#). The Commissioners will officially launch the “[Employers together for integration](#)” initiative, in the presence of CEOs and other high-level representatives of several companies committed to fostering migrant integration. The initiative aims to promote employers' efforts across the EU to support the integration of refugees and other migrants in the labour market and beyond. On this occasion Dimitris **Avramopoulos**, Commissioner for Migration, Home Affairs and Citizenship, said: *“Making integration work is not just a social but an economic imperative. Only a successful integration of all migrants in the EU will allow turning migration into an opportunity, both for them and for our European society and economy. The role and engagement of employers is essential for this.”* Marianne **Thyssen**,

Commissioner for Employment, Social Affairs, Skills and Labour Mobility, said: *“The forum is a sign of commitment that we unite forces with employers. Our primary task now is to tackle the challenges and to seize the opportunities of integrating refugees and asylum seekers in the labour market. It can and should be a win-win for all.”* All interested companies can support the initiative and sign up [here](#). The event will be recorded on [EbS](#) and can be followed live on the social media through #EBS2017 and #IntegrationMatters. The European Dialogue on Skills and Migration was launched in 2016 to foster exchanges between the Commission and economic and social partners, in particular employers, on labour migration related issues. For its second edition on 23 May 2017, the Dialogue focuses on the labour market integration of refugees and other legally residing migrants. More information on the Dialogue is available [here](#). See [here](#) for more information on the Commission’s participation in the European Business Summit. (For more information: Tove Ernst – Tel.: +32 2 298 67 64; Christian Wigand – Tel.: +32 229 62253)

Climate action: Commissioner Arias Cañete in Berlin for high-level global climate talks

On 22-23 May, Commissioner for Climate Action and Energy Miguel **Arias Cañete** will be in Berlin to take part in the 8th Petersberg Climate Dialogue, an annual gathering of ministers from all regions of the world for informal discussions in support of the negotiating process of the UN climate change convention. This year’s Dialogue comes at a crucial time right after the [UN climate talks held in Bonn on 8-18 May](#) and ahead of the G7 leaders’ summit to take place in Taormina, Italy, on 26-27 May. This year’s dialogue, entitled “Working together on Solutions”, will address the challenges and opportunities ahead for implementation of the global Paris Agreement on climate change, in terms of both mitigation and adaptation and also sustainable development. The Dialogue will be chaired by Germany and Fiji, president of the upcoming COP23 climate negotiations in November. In the margins of the main meeting, Commissioner **Arias Cañete** will meet with members of the High Ambition Coalition – the alliance of developed and developing countries that were instrumental in securing a successful outcome in Paris. He will also meet with China’s Special Representative on Climate Change, Mr Xie Zhenhua and Canada’s Minister of the Environment and Climate Change, Ms Catherine McKenna. *More information on international action on climate change is available [here](#).* (For more information: Anna-Kaisa Itkonen – Tel.: +32 229 56186; Nicole Bockstaller – Tel.: +32 229 52589)

[Upcoming events](#) of the European Commission (ex-Top News)

[Programme hebdomadaire du président](#)

Donald Tusk

Over the past 20 years, the European Union has put in place some of the highest common asylum standards in the world. And in the past two years, European migration policy has advanced in leaps and...

'Europe will not be made all at once, or according to a single plan. It will be built through concrete achievements which first create a de facto solidarity.' Robert Schuman 9 May 1950 on 25 March 2017,...

In response to the illegal annexation of Crimea and deliberate destabilisation of a neighbouring sovereign country, the EU has imposed restrictive measures against the Russian Federation. Overview...

European Commission President Jean-Claude Juncker delivered his annual State of the Union speech at the European Parliament on 14 September 2016, just two days ahead of the informal meeting of 27...

Enlargement is the process whereby countries join the EU. Since it was founded in 1957, the EU has grown from 6 member countries to 28. Any European country that respects the principles of liberty,...

Media Advisory on the meeting of the Libya Quartet in Brussels o

The HR/VP will host a meeting of the European Union, the United Nations, the African Union and the League of Arab States (Libya Quartet) in Brussels on Tuesday 23 May 2017.

Media Advisory:

- The Quartet meeting will take place from 13:30 to 16:00 in the EEAS building
- 13:30: Photo opportunity ahead of the meeting, EEAS building
- 16:00: Statements to the press by EU HR/VP Ms Federica Mogherini, UN Special Representative for Libya Mr Martin Kobler, AU High Representative for Libya Mr Jakaya Kikwete, and Secretary General of the League of Arab States Mr Ahmed Aboul Gheit, EEAS press corner
- Images will be available on [EbS](#).

Journalists who wish to cover the press events need to register with Mr.

22-23 May: European Business Summit

The news:

The 2017 European Business Summit will take place in Brussels [from 22 to 23 May](#), bringing decision makers and business together on a number of topical issues. The Commission will contribute to this debate by presenting and explaining its priorities and policy actions in areas like economic affairs, migration, security, social affairs, and energy. Nine members of the College of Commissioners (Vice-Presidents **Šefčovič**, **Dombrovskis** and **Katainen**, and Commissioners **Oettinger**, **Malmström**, **Avramopoulos**, **Thyssen**, **Moscovici**, and **King**) will be participating in a range of sessions and attending meetings with leaders from politics, business and civil society from across Europe.

Background:

The **European Business Summit** is a conference of business leaders and policy makers taking place every year in Brussels and organised by the Federation of Enterprises in Belgium and BUSINESSEUROPE.

The event:

2017 European Business Summit, [from 22 to 23 May](#) in Brussels. Participation of members of the College: a detailed schedule has been published in the [Commissioners' weekly calendar of activities](#) (release date: Friday 19 May 2017).

[On Tuesday 23 May](#), Commissioner for Migration, Home Affairs and Citizenship Dimitris **Avramopoulos** and Commissioner for Employment, Social Affairs, Skills and Labour Mobility, Marianne **Thyssen** will host the second meeting of the European Dialogue on Skills and Migration. The Commissioners will officially launch the "[Employers together for integration](#)" initiative.

The European Dialogue on Skills and Migration will be broadcast on [EbS](#).

Sources:

Detailed programme and a list of speakers: <http://www.ebsummit.eu/PDF/programme2.pdf>

European Business Summit: <http://www.ebsummit.eu/index>