#### <u>Digital Single Market conference on</u> <u>the free movement of data</u>

Closing speech by Vice-President Andrus Ansip in charge of the Digital Single Market

Ministers, ladies and gentlemen,

We have heard a lot today about the importance of data and of getting it to flow without restraints.

Different situations in the public and private sectors, bottlenecks holding up data flows. Some expectations and possible ways forward.

While we do not yet have all the answers, I would like to thank everyone for today's valuable and varied contributions.

One thing I do know is that today's situation regarding data in Europe has to change. We plan to make that happen as part of the plan to build a Digital Single Market.

And as soon as possible. For a start, we urgently need to address data localisation rules. But this is not the only issue.

There are many other aspects of data to be looked into – for example, how we can further free up publicly funded data.

Or how we improve data analytics capacity in Europe.

It is also important how we look at legal clarity concerning autonomous systems, so as to strike a balance between the needs of users and the responsibility of operators and manufacturers.

This is about making the best value of data and facilitating imaginative new uses of data. It is about access to data, for more data to be available to more people.

The real value of data will only come out if it can be used to the full. That will lead to more development of the data economy, bringing more growth and jobs.

Take the huge potential in geographical and weather information, traffic data, general statistics, data from publicly funded research projects, and certain books from libraries.

All this data can be re-used in new products and services, in both the public and private sectors. It can stimulate new markets, businesses and jobs by adding innovation value to the data that was gathered in the first place. For example, Scania now has a quarter of a million connected vehicles around the world. They make a vast amount of valuable information available in real time to the truck owners.

Of course, most of this is commercial data.

But there is a lot of other useful data that is collected: weather, road and traffic conditions. This data has a lot of potential for re-use and does not necessarily have any direct commercial value for the truck owners or for Scania.

Our task now is to incentivise private companies to make these types of general interest data available for public administrations or even startups to use.

Imaginative re-use of data is something we should encourage and facilitate more widely, within and between other sectors. But that will not happen if data cannot flow freely and smoothly, nationally and internationally.

Data is not only the basis of our digital future and prosperity.

It is a valuable resource in itself.

Keeping that resource unnecessarily stuck in national data centres or in a certain geographic area means that it cannot be used to its full potential.

It means that data cannot be easily traded, exchanged or re-used in new imaginative ways.

This is holding up the Digital Single Market.

It is holding up small and medium enterprises and startups from scaling up and expanding.

It is holding up our progress in fast-growth sectors like the Internet of Things and cloud computing services.

I would call this is a waste. And an expensive waste as well.

The core of the problem remains the same: national requirements on processing, storage and transfer of data.

You could also call them data protectionism, or data nationalism.

Digital borders, or a non-tariff barrier to trade.

But whatever their name, rules forcing data to be stored unnecessarily within national territory do not make sense in the Digital Single Market. There is no place for them.

Ladies and gentlemen: I know that you are familiar with much of the situation that I have just described.

Let me now explain what the European Commission is planning to do about it.

We have taken time to learn more about the scale of the problem and how best to move forward together with EU countries and all parties concerned. This approach has paid off.

We have identified two wider dimensions to address.

The first is a lack of legal certainty about applicable rules and practices when it comes to data movement, outside the situations covered by the General Data Protection Regulation.

The result? Data localisation becomes the default option. We want to avoid this.

The second is a lack of trust in cross-border storage and processing of data.

Unfortunately, the result is the same. Data localisation again becomes the preferred option, for both public and private sectors.

One way forward would be to establish free movement of data as a basic principle in EU law.

We are also working on other principles in this package such as the principle of availability of data, even when it is stored in other EU countries, when public authorities need it.

This could be for taxation or business register purposes, for example.

And we are looking into improving the situation for switching cloud service providers. The main idea is that the user should be able to transfer data fast and without re-entering it manually.

Commission experts are now working on an impact assessment, which is a necessary step before making any legal proposal. On that basis, we would prepare such a proposal, with the aim of presenting it this autumn.

As we know, it is often not easy to draw the line between where personal data ends and non-personal data begins. That is why our starting point is the EU's recent General Data Protection Regulation.

The more general debates on data are continuing. We know there are concerns about using data generated in an industrial context and about legal clarity concerning autonomous systems.

As I said at the start: we do not yet have all the answers and our work continues.

But, if we can get rid of needless national and local barriers to data flows, as well as address the underlying uncertainties, then everyone stands to gain: companies, governments and consumers.

In the end, people, businesses and public administrations must be able to go digital with confidence.

Sorting out today's situation would send a clear political message that Europe is open for business. That will be essential as we build a cross-border and data-focused economy. Let's make sure that we do not miss the boat. Thank you."

# <u>Procedure for reporting of circuit</u> <u>breakers' parameters by NCAs to ESMA</u>

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#### <u>Daily News 17 / 07 / 2017</u>

# Debate on the Future of Europe: 1,750 events so far with the potential to reach over 30 million Europeans

In March 2017, the Commission kick-started a debate on the future of Europe with its White Paper offering five scenarios for how the EU could develop over the next decade. First results published today show that to date, over 270,000 citizens have attended over 1,750 events organised or supported by the Commission. On top of this, many more citizens have joined the debate online (see figures here). President **Juncker** said: "I am very encouraged to see so many people engage in the debate about the future of the European Union, which the Commission launched on 1 March 2017 with our White Paper. We have seen many different views expressed already and a strong positive momentum driving us forward. I will outline my vision in September but in reality Europe's future will be of your design. It is you writing the history books of tomorrow. So continue to engage and make your voices heard!" Events and debates will continue to be organised over the months to come and especially in the run-up to the annual State of the European Union speech on 13 September 2017 – contribute directly <u>here</u>. More information is available in the <u>press release</u> and <u>factsheet</u>. (For more information: Margaritis Schinas – Tel.: +32 229 60524; Mina Andreeva – Tel.: +32 229 91382; Natasha Bertaud – Tel.: +32 29 67456)

### Employment and social developments in Europe: 2017 review shows positive trends but highlights high burden on the young

Today, the Commission published the 2017 edition of its yearly Employment and Social Developments in Europe (ESDE) review. This year's edition confirms positive labour market and social trends and continued economic growth. With over 234 million people having a job, employment has never been as high as today in the EU and unemployment is at its lowest level since December 2008. But looking beyond the overall social and economic progress, evidence shows that there is a particularly high burden, exacerbated by demographic ageing, on younger generations: they tend to have more difficulties in finding a job, are more often in non-standard and precarious forms of employment and are likely to receive lower pensions, relative to wages. This is why the 2017 ESDE review focuses on intergenerational fairness: we need to make sure that all generations benefit from the current positive economic trends and that young people in Europe will have at least the same opportunities as their parents. Commissioner for Employment, Social Affairs, Skills and Labour Mobility, Marianne Thyssen, commented: "This annual review shows once again that we are firmly on the path towards more jobs and growth. However, today's young and their children may end up worse off than their parents. This is not what we want. Swift action is needed. With the European Pillar of Social Rights we want to preserve and improve our social standards and living conditions for future generations." The annual Employment and Social Developments in Europe review reports on the latest employment and social trends, and reflects on upcoming challenges and possible policy responses. It is the European Commission's main report to provide evidence and analysis and to review trends and upcoming challenges on the labour market. More information on this year's edition can be found in the press release and memo online. Commissioner Thyssen's press conference is available on EbS. (For more information: Christian Wigand- Tel.: +32 229 62253; Sara Soumillion -Tel.: + 32 229 67094)

#### EU and Brazil join forces in the WTO for global level-playing field in farm subsidies

The EU and Brazil – two of the world's biggest producers of agricultural products – today submitted to the World Trade Organisation (WTO) a joint proposal on support for agricultural production and food security measures. The objective is to limit market distortions and ensure a global level-playing field for farmers while taking into account particular needs of developing countries. Agricultural domestic support is an important issue in the negotiations leading up to the 11<sup>th</sup> WTO Ministerial Conference (MC11) to be held in Buenos Aires in December. Colombia, Peru and Uruguay have already expressed their support and are co-sponsors of the EU-Brazil initiative. Today's proposal is an example of the EU's work towards a successful ministerial meeting and a rules-based global trading system. The EU is also pushing for new solutions on fisheries subsidies, e-commerce, domestic

regulation in services, transparency for smaller companies and investment facilitation. More background on the <u>EU in the WTO</u> (For more information: Daniel Rosario – Tel.: +32 229 56185; Kinga Malinowska – Tel.: +32 229 51383).

#### EU report reflects strengthened EU-Egypt cooperation on shared priorities

A joint report released today by the European Commission and the European External Action Service looks at the partnership between the EU and Egypt for the period 2015-2017. It assesses the achievements and policy developments in Egypt over the past two years and notes the EU's active support to the country in a wide range of critical areas including socio-economic development, education, health, energy, transport, environment, climate action, information society, research and innovation. The report comes ahead of the 7<sup>th</sup> EU-Egypt Association Council, scheduled to take place on 25<sup>th</sup> July 2017 in Brussels, where EU-Egypt Partnership Priorities will be adopted further to their agreement in December 2016. The new Partnership Priorities will set the basis for strengthening EU-Egypt cooperation for the coming three years, in areas of common interest and concern, notably economic reforms, governance, human rights, rule of law and efforts towards a more open society but also migration and security/counterterrorism, as well as closer dialogue and cooperation on regional issues. The report is available here and full press releasehere. (Pour plus d'informations: Catherine Ray – Tel.: +32 229 69921; Maja Kocijancic – Tel.: +32 229 86570; Lauranne Devillé - Tel.: +32 229 80833; Alceo Smerilli - Tel.: +32 229 64887)

### European Union reaffirms its leadership on worldwide efforts to achieve sustainable development

Commissioner for International Cooperation and Development Neven Mimica participates today in this year's United Nations High Level Political Forum on Sustainable Development to reaffirm Europe's global leadership in fighting poverty and supporting sustainable development. At this occasion, he will present to the international community the EU's new joint approach to development cooperation, the new European Consensus on Development. The Consensus is a joint strategic document on the future of European development cooperation, which was agreed by all European institutions and all EU Member States to forge ahead on implementing the universal 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. At the heart of these efforts will be a reinforced cooperation with partner countries, the United Nations system, International Financial Institutions, civil society and the private sector. Commissioner Mimica commented: "The European Union and its Member States are determined to play a leading role in implementing the ambitious Sustainable Development Goals and eradicating poverty worldwide. Our new Consensus on Development lays down how we will do that, building on everything we have achieved during 60 years of development cooperation and promoting new, innovative and more effective types of partnerships. As the world's biggest donor of development assistance, we also want to be the best, and to bring about real change in people's lives." The High Level Political Forum on Sustainable Development is the central UN platform to monitor progress towards the achievement of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and its 17 Sustainable Development Goals. (For more information:

Carlos Martin Ruiz De Gordejuela — Tel.: +32 229 65322; Christina Wunder — Tel.: +32 229 92256)

# Antitrust: Commission sends Statement of Objections to Teva on 'pay for delay' pharma agreement

Today, the European Commission sent Statement of Objections to the pharmaceutical company Teva for breaching the EU antitrust rules. Under an agreement with Cephalon, Teva committed not to market a cheaper generic version of Cephalon's drug for sleep disorders, modafinil, until October 2012. In exchange, Teva received a substantial transfer of value from Cephalon through a series of cash payments and various other agreements. In today's Statement of Objections, the Commission takes the preliminary view that the transferred value served as a significant pay-for-delay inducement for Teva not to compete with Cephalon's modafinil worldwide, including in the European Economic Area. Margrethe Vestager, Commissioner in charge of competition policy, said: "Market entry and competition by generic drugs is an essential element to improve the affordability of healthcare. In this case, our preliminary finding is that Teva and Cephalon broke EU antitrust rules by agreeing on Cephalon paying Teva to keep its cheaper generic version of Cephalon's sleep disorder drug modafinil out of the market. It's now up to the companies to respond to our concerns." A full press release is available online in EN, DE and FR. (For more information: Ricardo Cardoso – Tel.: +32 229 80100; Maria Sarantopoulou - Tel.: +32 229 13740)

### State aid: Commission concludes Dutch state guarantees on loans for energy saving projects involve no aid

The European Commission has found that a Dutch scheme granting guarantees to banks that issue subordinated loans to energy-saving projects does not involve state aid within the meaning of the EU rules. The objective of the Dutch "Energy Transition Financing Facility" is to improve access to finance for projects aiming at easing the transition to a low carbon economy, such as geothermal or energy savings in energy intensive industries, for which demand exceeds the supply that banks can offer. The Dutch scheme will guarantee those subordinated loans for up to 80% of the amount of the loan. The scheme is set to start in 2017, with a budget of €80 million for the first two years. The Commission found that the Dutch authorities will ensure a sufficiently high remuneration on the guarantees on such loans and will only issue guarantees on loans financing viable projects. Therefore, the Commission concluded that the guarantees do not constitute state aid to the banks, nor to the borrowers involved. More information will be available on the Commission's <u>competition</u> website, in the <u>public case register</u>, under the case number SA.47416.(For more information: Ricardo Cardoso - Tel.: +32 229 80100; Yizhou Ren - Tel.: +32 229 94889)

#### Mergers: Commission clears acquisition of Forties Pipeline System by INEOS

The European Commission has approved, under the EU Merger Regulation, the acquisition of Forties Pipeline System (FPS) of the UK and interests in the North and South Graben Area Export Lines (GAEL spurlines), by INEOS of the Isle of Man. FPS and GAEL spurlines are an integrated oil and natural gas

liquids pipeline transportation and processing system located in the UK Northern North Sea. INEOS is a global manufacturer of petrochemicals, speciality chemicals and oil products. The Commission concluded that the proposed acquisition would raise no competition concerns because of its limited competitive impact on the market. The transaction was examined under the simplified merger review procedure. More information is available on the Commission's competition website, in the public <u>case register</u> under the case number <u>M.8456</u>. (For more information: Ricardo Cardoso – Tel.: +32 229 80100; Maria Sarantopoulou – Tel.: +32 229 13740)

# Mergers: Commission clears acquisition of a parking facility in Berlin by Central and SIGNA

The European Commission has approved, under the EU Merger Regulation, the acquisition of joint control over Berlin, Passauer Straße 1-3 Immobilien GmbH & Co. KG (JVCo) of Germany, by Harng Central Department Store Ltd. (Central), of Thailand and a subsidiary of SIGNA Prime Selection AG of Austria. JVCo is the owner of a real estate property plot in Berlin that is currently occupied by a multi storey car park. Central is active through subsidiaries in merchandising, real estate, retailing, hospitality and restaurants activities primarily in Southeast Asia including Thailand, Indonesia and Vietnam. SIGNA is engaged in real estate activities, including purchase, rent, lease and management of land and buildings as well as project development. The Commission concluded that the proposed acquisition would raise no competition concerns because of the limited impact of the transaction on the relevant markets. The transaction was examined under the simplified merger review procedure. More information is available on the Commission's competition website, in the public <u>case register</u> under the case number <u>M.8500</u>. (For more information: Ricardo Cardoso - Tel.: +32 229 80100; Maria Sarantopoulou -Tel.: +32 229 13740)

#### Concentrations: la Commission autorise l'acquisition de DomusVi par Intermediate Capital Group

La Commission européenne a approuvé, en vertu du règlement européen sur les concentrations, l'acquisition de CasaVita SAS et de ses filiales (groupe DomusVi ) de France, par Intermediate Capital Group (ICG) du Royaume-Uni. Le groupe DomusVi a pour activité la gestion et l'exploitation de maisons de repos médicalisées et non-médicalisées pour personnes âgées ainsi que la prestation de soins gériatriques en France et en Espagne. ICG est un gestionnaire d'actifs investissant dans les dettes privées, les marchés d'action et le crédit en Europe, en Asie -Pacifique et aux Etats-Unis. La Commission a conclu que la concentration envisagée ne soulèverait pas de problème de concurrence, dans la mesure où les deux entreprises ne sont pas actives sur le même marché ou sur des marchés liés ou complémentaires. La transaction a été examinée dans le cadre de la procédure simplifiée du contrôle des concentrations. De plus amples informations sont disponibles sur le site web concurrence de la Commission, dans le registre public des affaires sous le numéro d'affaire M.8546. (For more information: Ricardo Cardoso — Tel.: +32 229 80100; Maria Sarantopoulou — Tel.: +32 229 13740)

#### Annual inflation down to 1.3% in the euro area

Euro area annual inflation was 1.3% in June 2017, down from 1.4% in May. In June 2016 the rate was 0.1%. European Union annual inflation was 1.4% in June 2017, down from 1.6% in May. A year earlier the rate was 0.1%. These figures come from Eurostat, the statistical office of the European Union. The lowest annual rates were registered in Ireland (-0.6%), Denmark (0.4%) and Romania (0.7%). The highest annual rates were recorded in Lithuania (3.5%), Estonia and Latvia (both 3.1%). Compared with May 2017, annual inflation fell in eighteen Member States, remained stable in three and rose in six. A Eurostat press release is available here. (For more information: Vanessa Mock – Tel.: +32 229 56194; Juliana Dahl – Tel.: +32 229 59914)

#### **STATEMENTS**

# Vice-President Ansip and Commissioner Gabriel in Tallinn for a Council meeting and a conference on data economy

This week, Vice-President for the Digital Single Market Andrus Ansip and Commissioner for Digital Economy and Society Mariya Gabriel participate in Tallinn, Estonia in a Digital Single Market conference on data as well as in an informal meeting of the Competitiveness and Telecommunications <u>Ministers</u>. The one-day conference taking place today is dedicated to the free movement of data and the speakers discuss the key framework conditions that are necessary to enable the free data flows across borders and sectors in Europe following Commission's announced measures earlier this year. Commissioner **Gabriel** opened the conference this morning with a speech that is available <u>here</u>. Vice-President Ansip will deliver the closing remarks of the conference in the afternoon. His speech will be available at 16:05 CET here. Later this evening Slovenian Minister for Public Administration Boris Koprivnikar, in the presence of Vice-President Ansip and Commissioner **Gabriel**, will sign the <u>EuroHPC declaration</u> on high-performance computing. Slovenia is becoming the ninth Member State signing the EuroHPC declaration, aimed at coordinating efforts with regards to high-performance computing. Discussions on the agenda of the Competitiveness and Telecommunications Council meeting taking place tomorrow, will concentrate on spectrum coordination and the development of the next generation of communication networks (5G). On the competitiveness side, the focus will be on public services and eGovernment. (For more information: Nathalie Vandystadt -Tel. +32 229 67083; Mirna Talko – Tel. +32 229 87278)

#### ANNOUNCEMENTS

#### Commissioner King in Ireland to participate in Citizen's Dialogue

Commissioner for the Security Union Julian **King** is in Ireland today to participate in a Citizen's Dialogue in Glenties. The event takes place in the context of the Annual MacGill Summer School & Arts Week in Glenties and

provides the occasion to engage in open discussions with students and members of the public, as well as representatives of Irish civil society, nongovernmental organisations and businesses. Commissioner King will deliver a speech on 'Responding to the security threats against Europe, its democracies and its citizens'. The event will be streamed live <u>here</u>.*Commissioner King will remain in Ireland tomorrow, when he will meet the Irish Minister for Justice and Equality Charles Flanagan in Dublin.* (For more information: Natasha Bertaud – Tel.: +32 229 67456; Markus Lammert – Tel.: +32 229 58602)

Upcoming events of the European Commission (ex-Top News)

### <u>Joint statement by Presidents Donald</u> <u>Tusk and Jean-Claude Juncker on the</u> <u>passing away of Liu Xiaobo</u>

13/07/2017 — Culture, education and youth / Justice and citizens' rights / Security and defence

The European Commission has today put forward new rules to clamp down on the illegal import and trafficking of cultural goods from outside the EU, often linked to terrorist financing and other criminal activity.