

Notice: Loveden Estates Limited: application made to abstract water

The Environment Agency consult the public on certain applications for the abstraction and impoundment of water.

These notices explain:

- what the application is about
- which Environment Agency offices you can visit to see the application documents on the public register
- when you need to comment by

Official Statistics: Public Opinion of Forestry 2017: UK and England

This release presents results from the latest survey of public attitudes to forestry and forestry-related issues across the UK. Topics covered include woodland recreation, importance of forestry, engagement with forest issues, climate change, tree health, urban woodlands and accessibility.

Official Statistics: Public Opinion of Forestry 2017: Scotland

This release presents results from the latest survey of public attitudes to forestry and forestry-related issues in Scotland. Topics covered include forestry in the media, benefits of forestry, climate change, wood as a fuel, woodland recreation, health and wellbeing, changes to woodland, woodland learning activities, tree health and urban woodlands.

Official Statistics: Public Opinion of Forestry 2017: Wales

This release presents results from the latest survey of public attitudes to forestry and forestry-related issues in Wales. Topics covered include benefits and disadvantages of woodlands, benefits and disadvantages of street trees, urban woodlands, woodland recreation, community engagement, awareness of logos, tree health, wood as a fuel and accessibility.

Official Statistics: Woodland Carbon Code Statistics: data to June 2017

This release provides quarterly statistics on projects registered under the Woodland Carbon Code. The Woodland Carbon Code is a voluntary standard, initiated in July 2011, for woodland creation projects that make claims about the carbon they sequester (take out of the atmosphere). All projects must be placed on the Register of UK Woodland Carbon Projects. Their claims about potential carbon sequestration are validated by an independent certification body. Validated projects are then verified on a regular basis to confirm the progress of carbon sequestration.