

CHP investigates 53 confirmed and 153 asymptomatic additional SARS-CoV-2 virus cases with 528 cases pending status by nucleic acid tests as well as 538 cases that tested positive by rapid antigen tests

The Centre for Health Protection (CHP) of the Department of Health (DH) today (April 13) announced the latest epidemic situation of COVID-19. As of 0.00am, April 13, the CHP was investigating 734 additional cases that tested positive for the SARS-CoV-2 virus by nucleic acid tests (53 confirmed cases, 153 asymptomatic cases and 528 cases with pending case status) in the past 24 hours. Separately, 538 additional positive cases through rapid antigen tests (RAT) (264 symptomatic cases and 274 asymptomatic cases) were reported. Hong Kong has recorded a total of 753 289 and 441 006 cases that tested positive by nucleic acid tests and RATs respectively for the SARS-CoV-2 virus so far.

The aforementioned newly reported cases consist of 12 imported cases (10 cases and two cases tested positive by nucleic acid tests and RATs respectively). The CHP is continuing with epidemiological investigations on the cases. Please refer to the "COVID-19 Thematic Website" (www.coronavirus.gov.hk) for more information.

In addition, as of 0.00am, April 13, a total of 8 735 death cases that have tested positive for the SARS-CoV-2 virus during the fifth wave (since December 31, 2021) were recorded, with 8 676 and 56 deaths reported from the Hospital Authority and public mortuaries respectively as well as three deaths reported from the Chinese University of Hong Kong Medical Centre. Hong Kong has so far recorded a total of 8 948 death cases that have tested positive for the SARS-CoV-2 virus.

Furthermore, among the earlier cases by nucleic acid tests reported, there were cases (including pending cases) changed to confirmed, asymptomatic or re-positive cases. As at yesterday (April 12), the total number of confirmed cases was 308 714, while the figures for asymptomatic cases, re-positive cases and pending/unknown cases recorded since January 1 were 183 954, 10 and 259 877 respectively.

As a passenger flight (CX252) operated by Cathay Pacific arriving in Hong Kong from London, the United Kingdom, on April 11 had two passengers who tested positive upon arrival and two passengers who failed to comply with the requirements specified under the Prevention and Control of Disease (Regulation of Cross-boundary Conveyances and Travellers) Regulation (Cap. 599H), and a passenger flight (NH811) operated by All Nippon Airways arriving in Hong Kong from Tokyo, Japan, on April 12 had five passengers who tested

positive upon arrival, the DH thus invoked Cap. 599H to prohibit the landing of passenger flights in Hong Kong from London operated by Cathay Pacific and from Tokyo operated by All Nippon Airways from April 14 to 20.

The spokesman for the CHP stressed that the local situation of COVID-19 infection is still severe, the CHP strongly appeals to the community to continue to comply with the social distancing measures, avoid going out and refrain from participating in unnecessary or crowded activities or gatherings (particularly religious or cross-family activities and gatherings). This would lower the risk of infection and prevent the virus from spreading in the community.

â€‹The spokesman reminded that COVID-19 vaccines are highly effective in preventing severe cases and deaths from the SARS-CoV-2 virus. They can provide effective protection to those vaccinated in preventing serious complications and even death after infection. People who have yet to receive vaccination, especially senior citizens, chronic patients and other immunocompromised persons who face a higher chance of death after COVID-19 infection, should get vaccinated as early as possible for self-protection and to reduce the risk of falling seriously ill and death should they get infected. Meanwhile, a person who gets COVID-19 and influenza at the same time may be more seriously ill and would have a higher risk of death. Influenza vaccination may reduce the likelihood of hospitalisation and the length of stay. In addition, seasonal influenza vaccination is recommended for all persons aged 6 months or above except those with known contraindications. Persons at higher risk of getting influenza and its complications, including the elderly and children, should receive seasonal influenza vaccination early. Please see details of the vaccination schemes on the CHP's website (www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/17980.html).