# 'Time to shift from logic of war,' put interests of Syrian people first, UN Security Council told

30 August 2017 — Calling for creative ways to work towards peace in Syria, the United Nations Special Envoy today outlined the political path forward, which includes holding another round of the so-named Astana talks and behind-the-scenes efforts by the international community.

&#8220This is a time for realism and focus, for shifting from the logic of war to that of negotiation, and for putting the interests of the Syrian people first. If I could identify one thing above all that can make the difference, it will be a sense of unity of purpose internationally with clear priorities and common goals, &#8221 UN Special Envoy for Syria, Staffan de Mistura, told the Security Council.

He noted that the next round of what has become known as the 'Astana talks' &#8211 between the Syrian conflict parties and led by Russia, Turkey and Iran &#8211 will be held on 14 and 15 September.

These three countries &#8220will need to keep actively working, as they have been doing, on de-escalation,&#8221 Mr. de Mistura said, adding that he and his team will be supporting these efforts.

The UN official also noted the key role that Saudi Arabia and other countries with influence over the opposition have in fostering &#8220cohesion and realism of the opposition.&#8221 Mr. de Mistura said his office is ready to convene further technical talks to support Saudi efforts on unifying the opposition.

In addition, he noted the importance of working with the Government of Syria. He said that it will be vital for those countries with influence to &#8220assess the situation carefully and signal a genuine readiness for dialogue and inclusion&#8221 on the country's political future.

Today's briefing comes just weeks ahead of the annual high-level opening segment of the UN General Assembly, where the European Union will host a special event in New York which will serve as &#8220an opportunity&#8221 to address future resilience and stabilization efforts, and support the humanitarian needs in Syria, Mr. de Mistura said.

These events will all take place ahead of the convocation of the formal intra-Syrian talks in Geneva later in October.

&#8220This is designed to give time for the dynamics I have just described to reach a further stage of maturity, &#8221 the senior UN official said.

He added &#8220it is my hope that both the Syrian Government and the opposition will come to Geneva then to engage in formal negotiations.&#8221

Also today, the Council heard from outgoing Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs and Emergency Relief Coordinator, Stephen O'Brien, who steps down tomorrow.

### In the Gaza Strip, UN chief appeals for Palestinian unity; reveals dream of two-state solution

30 August 2017 — Visiting Gaza for the first time since taking office as United Nations Secretary-General, António Guterres today called for Palestinian unity, saying division &#8220only undermines the cause of the Palestinian people.&#8221

Speaking to reporters at a UN-supported school in northern Gaza, the Secretary-General appealed for unity, in line with the principles of the Palestinian Liberation Organization, which include rejecting violence and terrorism, and recognizing Israel's right to exist in peace.

&#8220I have a dream. A dream to one day see the Holy Land with two states &#8211 Israel and Palestine &#8211 living in peace and security together,&#8221 Mr. Guterres told reporters in Beit Lahiya, Gaza, at a school run by the UN Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA).

Making this second appeal, Mr. Guterres underscored the importance of a credible political process and actions to improve living conditions of Palestinians.

&#8220It is important to open the closures, in line with resolution 1860&#8221 he said, referring the Security Council resolution from 2009 which called for an immediate ceasefire to the fighting between Israel and Hamas and lifting of blockades for food, fuel and medicines.

The resolution was meant to diffuse an intra-Palestinian conflict which flared when Hamas took over Gaza in 2007. Since then, Israel sought to isolate the group by restricting the movements of goods and people in and out of the strip.

In today's statement, Mr. Guterres that it was important to avoid the &#8220build-up of the militantism&#8221 that can undermine the confidence between the two people, &#8221 he added.

The UN chief today appealed to the international community to strongly support humanitarian aid in Gaza. He ordered an immediate release of \$4 million from the limited resources of the Central Emergency Relief Fund

(<u>CERF</u>), to support the UN activities working for the benefit of the Gaza people.

**VIDEO**: In Gaza <u>Secretary-General</u> António Guterrres visits a school managed by UNRWA saying their contribution to the Palestinian people 'will never be forgotten'. Credit: UN News

Mr. Guterres, who toured the Israeli-Gaza border by helicopter and then crossed it by vehicle, called the conditions in Gaza, &#8220one of the most dramatic humanitarian crises&#8221 he has seen during his time working as a humanitarian.

The two million people living in Gaza have lack access to basic services, such as electricity, food or healthcare. The real gross domestic product (GDP) is largely stagnant, unemployment is up and the infrastructure and private sector have been gradually debilitated, according to a <a href="UN report">UN report</a> published last month.

Given the current trends, Gaza would become &#8220unliveable&#8221 by 2020, according to the report.

#### 'True peacemakers'

Wrapping up his trip to the Middle East, Mr. Guterres today also visited the Museum of the Jewish People, where he reiterated his ongoing calls for an end to anti-Semitism around the world.

Pledging that he will do all possible to stand against anti-Semitism and all other forms of bigotry and discrimination, Mr. Guteres stressed that anti-Semitism includes calls for the destruction of Israel.



Secretary-General António Guterres delivers a speech at the Museum of the Jewish People in Tel Aviv, Israel. Photo: OSSG

&#8220Israel is a Member State of the United Nations. It bears all the responsibilities and enjoys all the rights of every other Member State and, therefore, it must be treated as such, &#8221 he stressed.

Mr. Guterres described meeting families in Nahal Oz, a kibbutz close to the Gaza Strip. Speaking with relatives of a child killed by a Palestinian rocket, he told of a request to help the Palestinians in Gaza have better lives.

Calling the request a &#8220fantastic example of solidarity, of humanity, of tolerance,&#8221 Mr. Guterres paid tribute to the &#8220voices of these true peacemakers.&#8221

&#8220Let us not forget that those individual peacebuilders represent the best faces of their communities and serve as the human foundation so

### <u>Syria: UN adviser warns trapped</u> <u>civilians face greater risks as Raqqa</u> <u>fighting intensifies</u>

30 August 2017 — The United Nations adviser on the prevention of genocide today expressed deep concern at the deteriorating situation of up to 25,000 civilians trapped in Syria's Raqqa, noting that civilians are used as human shields in this de facto capital of the Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant (ISIL/Da'esh) terrorist group under intense bombardment.

&#8220I <u>am deeply disturbed</u> by reports coming out of Raqqa of the horrendous situation faced by civilians caught up in the offensive to retake the city from the so-called ISIL,&#8221 said UN <u>Special Adviser</u> on the Prevention of Genocide Adama Dieng in a statement released by the Office of the Spokesperson for the UN Secretary-General.

International counter-ISIL coalition forces and the Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF) are carrying out airstrikes, and ISIL, which still controls Raqqa, is reportedly using civilians as human shields, he added.

ISIL fighters are reportedly killing those who try to escape, and coalition forces are targeting boats on the Euphrates river, which had been one of the remaining escape routes for civilians. Civilians in south of the Euphrates river are reportedly facing indiscriminate attacks by Syrian Government forces and their allies during military operations to retake the area.

&#8220The legitimate aim of retaking Raqqa must not be achieved at such a high cost to civilians, &#8221 said the Special Advisor, urging all parties to adhere to their obligations under international human rights and international humanitarian law, including the protection of civilians.

Reiterating calls for a humanitarian pause to spare civilian lives, Mr. Dieng warned that as the offensive to retake Raqqa reaches its final stages, the fighting is likely to intensify and increase the risks faced by civilians still trapped in the city.

#### Human rights violations indicate 'repressive policy' of Venezuelan authorities — UN report

30 August 2017 — Extensive human rights violations and abuses have been committed in the wake of anti-Government protests in Venezuela and point to &#8220the existence of a policy to repress political dissent and instill fear in the population to curb demonstrations, &#8221 a report by the United Nations human rights office has found.

&#8220The <u>policies pursued by the authorities</u> in their response to the protests have been at the cost of Venezuelans' rights and freedoms, &#8221 said UN High Commissioner for Human Rights Zeid Ra'ad Al Hussein in a news release issued today.

The <u>report</u> notes that the generalized and systematic use of excessive force during demonstrations and the arbitrary detention of protestors and perceived political opponents indicate that these were not the acts of isolated officials.

The report calls on the UN Human Rights Council to consider taking measures to prevent the human rights situation in Venezuela from worsening. Venezuela is currently a Council member.

Mass street demonstrations began in the country in April. Tensions between the Government and the opposition reached a new high about a month ago, when President Nicolás Maduro convened elections for the so-called Constituent Assembly, which could replace the current legislative body, the National Assembly.

The report indicates that of the 124 deaths linked to the protests being investigated by the Attorney General's Office as of 31 July, the security forces were reportedly responsible for 46 and pro-Government armed groups, known as armed colectivos, for 27. Responsibility for the remaining 51 deaths has not yet been determined.

According to reliable estimates from a local NGO, more than 5,000 people were detained since 1 April, with more than 1,000 reportedly still held as of 31 July. At least 609 civilians arrested in the context of protests were presented before military tribunals. The report calls on the Government to halt arbitrary detention and the use of military courts to try civilians.

The report documents attacks against journalists and media workers by security forces that were apparently aimed at preventing them from covering demonstrations.

&#8220Demonstrators and journalists were labelled by high-level authorities as 'enemies' and 'terrorists' &#8211 words that did little to counter, and

may even have contributed to, the climate of violence and polarization, &#8221 the High Commissioner said.

Warning that amid continuing economic and social crises and rising political tensions, there is a grave risk the situation in Venezuela will deteriorate further, Mr. Zeid encouraged the Government to follow up on the recommendations made in the report and to use its findings as guidelines to seek truth and justice for the victims of human rights violations and abuses.

## In conflict-affected Nigeria, UN agency teams with health workers to help the displaced

30 August 2017 — Skilled health personnel are desperately needed in northeastern Nigeria, the United Nations population agency today said, after training hundreds of health providers in Borno State on the basics of reproductive health needs.

&#8220I have been working in the field of maternal health in this country for more than 35 years, &#8221 Hauwa Lassa, a retired nurse and midwife told the UN Population Fund (UNFPA) in Maiduguri, where she works at a health facility in one of the displacement camps. &#8220It is now with this crisis going on that the women need support. So I decided to come back to the health centre and help.&#8221

Ms. Lassa was one of 300 women trained by UNFPA in a so-called Minimum Initial Service Package, which includes how to coordinate with humanitarian staff, provide clinical care for survivors of sexual violence, prevent HIV through condom distribution, and helping get access to emergency obstetric care.

&#8220This, together with equipping the health facilities and hospitals with supplies for safe deliveries, access to family planning, and equipment to respond to sexual and gender-based violence is one of the cornerstones of UNFPA's work here,&#8221 said Ada Pouye, UNFPA's humanitarian coordinator in Nigeria.

The violence in north-eastern Nigeria destroyed more than 40 per cent of health facilities, and forced doctors and nurses to flee.

The UN agency said it is trying to provide urgently needed care in a country where one woman died of pregnancy-related causes every nine minutes, and where some 276,000 women are likely to become pregnant this year.

In addition to helping safely deliver babies and teach about family planning,

UNFPA is also working with women and girls to immunize newborns.

&#8220We have a special way of making women come back for the second immunization shot for their baby after 40 days,&#8221 said Mdapilawa Yatzubu, who also participated in the UNFPA training, and then returned to a health centre in the town of Biu.

&#8220We give them a small gift, mostly soap. They all come back to collect the soap and have their health checked and the baby immunized with the second dose. This is how we follow up on them.&#8221