# <u>Removal and clamping of vehicles</u> <u>parked illegally</u>

Drivers who park illegally in urban clearways or bus lanes on main roads into and out of Belfast may have their vehicles removed and clamped. As well as being issued with a Penalty Charge Notice (PCN), additional charges to have the vehicle released will have to be paid.

# Vehicle pound

A two-week, 'one strike' warning period is in place until Monday 19 March. During this time drivers parking illegally in these urban clearways and bus lanes will be issued with a warning notice in relation to removal and clamping.

Vehicles parked illegally may either be:

- removed to a legal parking location nearby to where they were originally illegally parked, and then clamped
- removed to the vehicle pound located at 1N McKinney Road, Mallusk, Newtownabbey

All vehicles removed will receive a £90 <u>Penalty Charge Notice</u>, discounted to £45 if paid within 14 days.

An additional  $\pounds40$  will be payable for the release of any vehicle which has been relocated nearby, with a charge of  $\pounds105$  if it has been removed to the vehicle pound.

Unclaimed vehicles remaining at the vehicle pound will be charged an additional £12 per day storage rate.

You can find out more information at this link:

Drivers are urged to give consideration to other road users and park legally at all times. This helps traffic to flow more freely, including public transport, and reduces traffic congestion and the associated environmental pollution.

# More useful links

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# Advice for parents of children making <u>subject choices</u>

Date published: 06 March 2019

During Year 10 your child will choose the GCSE subjects they want to study. Your support as a parent or guardian is vital in helping them make choices which are right for them to meet their full potential. There is live online presentation on Wednesday 13 March to find out how.

# **Picking subjects**

Your child's school will advise when they need to make their subject choices and their options.

As well as help from careers teachers in schools, careers advisers offer careers information, advice and guidance to pupils through class talks, group work and interviews.

#### Live online presentation session

There is a live online presentation (webinar) for parents or guardians to:

- explain the importance of subject choices
- highlight the information and resources available to help both you and your child

The webinar will be broadcast on Wednesday 13 March at 11.00 am.

#### Taking part

To take part, 10 minutes before the presentation is due to start go to  $\underline{\text{Year}}$  10 choices and follow the instructions.

You can find more information about choosing subjects at:

There is also a <u>guide for parents</u> to help you understand the range of options and support available at key transition stages. This includes information on what careers are likely to be in demand in the future.

For further help and advice, <u>contact the Careers Service</u>.

#### More useful links

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# Feedback

Would you like to leave feedback about this page? Send us your feedback

# <u>Range of opportunities at Coleraine</u> <u>job fair</u>

A job fair is taking place at Coleraine Leisure Centre on Thursday 8 March. It brings employers, support organisations and jobseekers together under one roof. The event runs from 10.00 am to 3.00 pm and admission is free.

#### **Employment opportunities**

The job fair has something for everyone and anyone, whether they're searching for their first job, changing career, or simply looking for some advice with CV or interview skills.

More than 400 jobs are being promoted and more than 35 employers will take part, including representatives from retail, hospitality, engineering, and many more.

Advice and training organisations, including specialist disability organisations, will also be there to provide support on training and employment.

You can find out more at the link below:

Anyone in the market for a new career – or looking for the first step on the ladder – then the job fair is the place to be.

#### More useful links

Share this page

# <u>Pregnant women advised to avoid</u> <u>animals giving birth</u>

Date published: 20 March 2019

Pregnant women are advised to avoid close contact with farmed animals that are giving, or have recently given, birth. Infectious diseases sometimes carried by these animals can risk a mother-to-be's health and that of her unborn child.

### **Avoiding infection**

Reports of these infections are extremely rare. But it's important that pregnant women are aware of the potential risks associated with close contact with these animals and that they take precautions.

It's also important to note that the risks:

- are not only during the spring
- are not only associated with sheep cows and goats that have recently given birth can also carry similar infections

To reduce the possible risk of infection, pregnant women should:

- not help a ewe to lamb
- not provide help with a cow that is calving or a nanny goat that is kidding
- avoid contact with aborted or new-born lambs, calves or kids or with the afterbirth, birthing fluids or materials (for example, bedding) contaminated by such birth products
- avoid handling clothing (including washing), boots or any materials which may have come into contact with animals that have recently given birth, their young or afterbirths (potentially contaminated clothing will be safe to handle after being washed on a hot cycle)
- make sure people they'll be in contact with who have been attending lambing ewes or other animals giving birth take appropriate health and hygiene precautions – this includes the wearing of personal protective equipment and clothing, and adequate washing to remove any potential contamination

Pregnant women should seek medical advice if they experience fever or flulike symptoms, or if concerned that they could have picked up an infection from a farm environment.

# Reducing risks

Farmers and livestock keepers have a responsibility to reduce the risks to pregnant women, including members of their family, the public and professional staff visiting farms.

They should consult their veterinary surgeon about suitable vaccination programmes and any other disease control measures in sheep, cattle and goats.

# More useful links

Share this page

## Feedback

Would you like to leave feedback about this page? Send us your feedback

# <u>Ice weather warning – information and</u> <u>advice</u>

Ice could make surfaces, including untreated roads, pavements and cycle paths, difficult in some areas. Adjust your driving according to the conditions. Reduce your speed and drive with extra care, even when roads have been gritted.

#### Weather warning

A weather warning for ice has been sent out by the Met Office.

Weather warnings from the Met Office let the public and emergency services know about potentially hazardous conditions.

You can find out more about weather warnings on the Met Office website.

# Plan your journey

You should always plan your journey and check the latest weather and travel advice.

If the conditions are bad or a weather warning is in place, ask yourself whether you really need to travel – or if you can delay your journey until conditions improve.

If you must travel, plan your journey carefully.

#### **Emergency numbers**

You should note the following numbers in case of emergency:

- Emergency services 999 or 112
- Northern Ireland Electricity Networks 03457 643 643

- NI Gas Emergency Service 0800 002 001
- Northern Ireland Water Waterline 03457 440 088
- Flooding Incident Line 0300 2000 100
- Housing Executive 03448 920 901

#### Report an issue with snow or ice

If you want to report an issue with snow or ice, you can do so online at this link:

# **Roads information**

However carefully you plan your journey, things can go wrong. An accident or bad weather could mean that a road is closed for a time.

You can get up-to-date traffic and roads information at the following link:

# School closures

You can find information about school closures at this link:

### **Public transport**

You can find the latest information about bus and rail services on the <u>Translink website</u>.

# Local councils

If local council services are affected by adverse weather, the latest information should be available on council websites.

# Frozen or burst pipes

There is information about how to reduce the risk of frozen pipes and what to do if a pipe bursts at the following link:

# Health advice and checking on elderly or vulnerable people

There is information about keeping warm, staying as healthy as possible, and checking in on elderly or vulnerable relatives, friends and neighbours during cold weather on this page:

#### Forests and country parks

You can find updates about forest and country parks on the <u>forest news and</u> <u>events</u> or <u>country parks</u> pages.

# Power cuts

If adverse weather causes power cuts, you can get the latest information at this link:

If your power is off and you want to report it or get more information, contact:

# Flooding

If any flooding happens, you can report it by phoning the Flooding Incident Line on 0300 2000 100.

There is general flooding advice on this page:

# Contact numbers for agriculture or environment issues

If you have concerns about agricultural issues, animal welfare, water pollution, or rural support you can find contact details on the <u>DAERA</u> website.

# Drive to suit the conditions

During adverse weather, you should:

- clear ice off all windows, lights, number plate, and vehicle roof before you set off
- make sure the mirrors are clear and windows are de-misted thoroughly
- use at least dipped headlights in poor visibility
- keep well back from the road user in front
- be extra cautious at road junctions where road markings may not be visible
- be prepared for the road conditions to change over relatively short distances

Even after roads have been treated in winter, driving conditions may remain challenging, especially if the road location and layout mean there is a high risk of ice. Be aware that ice forms more easily on:

- hilly or exposed roads
- roads that pass under or over a bridge
- roads shaded by trees or buildings

Try not to brake suddenly in icy conditions — it may lock up the wheels and you could skid.

If you start to skid:

- release the brake pedal fully or ease off the accelerator
- steer into the skid

• as you straighten, steer back along the road

You can find out more about driving in wintry conditions at this link:

#### Check and service your vehicle

You can reduce your chances of breaking down by <u>regularly servicing your car</u>. You should also:

- top up anti-freeze and screenwash
- check for wear and tear on wiper blades (replace them as soon as they start to smear rather than clean windows)
- make sure your battery is fully charged (batteries last between two and four years – replace yours if it's no longer reliable)
- keep tyre pressure at the manufacturer's recommended level and check you have at least 1.6mm across the central three-quarters of the breadth of the tread and around the entire circumference
- wipe dirt and spray off headlamps and make sure all bulbs are working

You can find out more on the vehicle maintenance page.

#### Winter kit

During winter you are advised to carry a winter kit in your vehicle. It should include:

- ice scraper and de-icer
- torch and spare batteries (or a wind-up torch)
- in-car phone charger
- warm clothes and blankets
- high-visibility vest or jacket
- boots
- first aid kit
- jump leads for the car battery
- empty fuel can
- a shovel (if there's a chance of snow)
- road atlas
- sunglasses (the low winter sun and glare off snow can be dazzling)
- two reflective warning triangles

If you're planning a long trip or if severe weather is forecast, you may want to also have in your car:

- any medication you need to take regularly
- food and a thermos with a hot drink

#### Driving and walking in flooded areas

Do not travel in heavy rainstorms unless absolutely necessary.

In flooded areas, drivers should not:

- enter flood water that is moving or is more than four inches deep
- under any circumstances, drive through fast-flowing water as the car could be swept away

In more shallow but passable water:

- slow down
- avoid creating bow waves which can damage your car engine; and
- remember to test the brakes after leaving the water

Do not attempt to walk through flooded areas. Even shallow water moving fast can sweep you off your feet and there may be hidden dangers such as:

- open drains
- damaged road surfaces
- submerged debris; or
- deep channels which can result in serious injury or, in the worst cases, death

If you do become stranded in flood water and you feel there is a risk to life, dial 999 for emergency assistance.

#### More useful links