

# [Guidance: MOD byelaws: Dumfries and Galloway](#)

*Updated:* Updated the web content after the latest internet review.

## **To be reviewed**

The following sites are on the current programme to be reviewed. Unfortunately in some cases the department no longer holds copies of the relevant byelaws listed below or byelaws do not currently exist and consequently in these cases no active hyperlink is in place. It is possible, however, that copies may still be held in local county record offices, but no physical check has been made by MOD.

- Kirkcudbright Training Centre ^
- [Luce Bay \(in the County of Wigton\) Gunnery and Bombing Range byelaws 1940](#)

## **Lapsed**

Over the years the MOD has sold or transferred the freehold or relinquished the leasehold at a significant number of sites that were once the subject of byelaws. This list may also be helpful in showing for environmental and historical research those areas of the country once occupied by MOD. Unfortunately in some cases the department no longer holds copies of the relevant byelaws listed below and consequently in these cases no active hyperlink is in place. It is possible, however, that copies may still be held in local county record offices, but no physical check has been made by MOD.

- [Burrow Head \(in the County of Wigton\) Burrow Head Anti-Aircraft Artillery Range byelaws 1940](#)

## **Revoked**

Over the years the MOD has reviewed existing byelaws, in the process revoking previous byelaws. The MOD has also revoked byelaws on land that is in the process of being disposed of. This list may be helpful in showing for environmental and historical research those areas of the country once occupied by MOD. Unfortunately in some cases the department no longer holds copies of the relevant byelaws listed below and consequently in these cases no active hyperlink is in place. It is possible, however, that copies may still be held in local county record offices, but no physical check has been made by MOD.

- Burrow Head Anti-Aircraft Artillery Range byelaws 1938 ^
- [Luce Bay (in the County of Wigton) Air Gunnery and Bombing Range

byelaws 1938]( [See Attached]

^ No copy of the Byelaw document is currently available

## **Related information**

[Ministry of Defence: byelaws review](#)

[List of Byelaws to be Reviewed](#)

[Public access to military areas](#)

[The defence training estate](#)

[Military ranges firing notices](#)

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## **[Guidance: Code of practice for the sustainable use of soils on construction sites](#)**

*Updated:* We have clarified the status of this old publication, which has been retained for reference purposes.

This document, which dates from 2009, has not been reviewed or updated since. It may not exactly reflect current legislation or controls. It still provides relevant advice, and has been retained for reference purposes.

This code of practice is a practical guide to assist anyone involved in the construction industry to protect the soil resources with which they work. It is particularly intended for use in England.

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## **[Research and analysis: COMEAP: mortality effects of long-term exposure to particulate air pollution](#)**

## in the UK

*Updated:* Added link to new COMEAP report on 'Particulate air pollution: effects on mortality'.

COMEAP has published updated advice on this topic; see ['Particulate air pollution: effects on mortality'](#).

This report deals with answering what, at first glance, appear to be relatively simple questions regarding the effects of particulate air pollution on mortality in the UK. We have tried to explain not only the approaches we have used to answer the questions, but also the limitations of the interpretations that can be put on the results. We anticipate that it will be useful to policy makers and elected representatives, and hope also that it will make a helpful contribution to public awareness and understanding of the health effects of air pollution.

In summary:

- Airborne particles comprise an anthropogenic component and a natural component.
  - There is an interest in the effects of air pollution on mortality in terms of the impact that policies for reduction would have, or the current burden in terms of public health.
  - These effects can be expressed at the population level in terms of life expectancy, and on loss or gain in life years. The burden can also be expressed in terms of deaths occurring in a specified year across the population.
  - As everyone dies eventually no lives are ever saved by reducing environmental exposures – deaths are delayed resulting in increased life expectancy.
  - These measures are averages or aggregates across the population; it is not known how the effects are distributed among individuals.
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# [Guidance: Flood and Coastal Erosion Risk Management: appraisal guidance](#)

*Updated:* Added a note that although HM Treasury has updated the Green Book you should continue to use this current policy and guidance until we update them.

HM Treasury has updated the [Green Book](#) – its guidance on how to evaluate government policies, projects and programmes.

You can continue to use this flood and coastal erosion risk management appraisal guidance until we update it. You can also follow:

- additional appraisal guidance on the [developing a project business case](#) page
- the [Defra policy statement](#)

This guidance is for those who undertake and review flood and coastal erosion risk management appraisals. It will also interest those affected by flood or coastal erosion risk.

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# [Statistical data set: Statistics on TB in Non-Bovine Species](#)

*Updated:* Updated dataset.

Statistics on incidents of TB in domesticated non-bovines and wild animals.

- [TB in non bovine species 2011-2017](#)  
(ODS, 61.3KB)